



Anjuman-I-Islam's
INSTITUTE OF HOSPITALITY
MANAGEMENT

92, Dr. D.N. Road, Opp. CSMT, Mumbai - 400001
MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

ACTION TAKEN REPORTS

AIIHM ACTIONS TAKEN

AIIHM has taken green and environmental protection actions a substantial manner by means of creating solid waste management (garbage segregation) and promoting natural vegetation in the campus without harming the environment.

Various kinds of degradable and non-degradable wastes are segregated properly and given to Mumbai Municipal Corporation for their further processing.

The dust bins and eco-friendly trashes are kept in different places across the campus to provide a dust free atmosphere to the stakeholders which are labelled properly for the indication of degradable and non-degradable items.

The management has created a very good campus ecosystem for making a coexisting and sustainable environment which includes natural and planted vegetation supporting flora and fauna.

Swachh Bharath Abhiyan is being implemented effectively to promote cleanliness. AIIHM lays emphasis on the 3R Policy.

Follow 3 R : Reduce , Reuse and Recycle

Reduce

- Buy less and use less.
- Purchase recycled papers.
- Use softcopy instead of hard copy
- Purchase environmentally friendly office supplies.
- Choose to purchase items with less packaging.
- Double-side printing and photocopying.
- Use one-sided printed paper instead of throwing in trash.
- Print and use on the one blank side of the paper
- Print notices on half-sheets.
- Use emails instead of faxes.
- Post newsletters online.
- Avoid printing out emails.
- Host paper-free meetings by setting the agenda on the board.
- Use fewer paper towels in the washroom or replace them with electric hand dryer.
- Use refillable soap dispenser in washroom
- Encourage waste-free lunches.
- Reduce the use of tetra-packs by using refillable containers.
- Purchase condiments, sweeteners, salt, and pepper in bulk.
- Use dispensers instead of individually packaged servings.

Reuse

- Replace disposable items with reusable items and learn to share or donate to avoid the landfill.
- Reuse the other side of used paper.
- Use reusable coffee cups and water bottles.
- Stock food consumption areas with reusable or biodegradable plates, cups, and cutlery.

Donate used computers, eyeglasses, cell phones, clothes, textbooks, and other items.

Recycle

Divert garbage by recycling items such as paper, glass, plastics, cans, tetra packs, and cardboard.

Recycle computers and IT related waste.

Compost organic waste.

Limit contamination of recycled items by ensuring they are clean.

Recycle ink and toner products.

Ensure correct disposal methods are used for chemicals.

AIIHM Mumbai has taken sufficient attempts by means of creating environment awareness programmes to the people and also offering various core and elective courses to the students and scholars in their curriculum connected with environment.

Eco-friendly Campus made available in the AIIHM Mumbai

Environmental Education

To create attention amongst today's generation on pressing environmental troubles, the University Grants Commission (UGC) in India has made it mandatory for the Universities and Autonomous Colleges to introduce a course in 'Environmental studies' and teach to the students about the ecosystem, pollution and problems associated with the environment.

Environmental education refers to organized efforts to teach how natural environments function, and particularly, how human beings can manage behaviour and ecosystems to live sustainably. It is a multi-disciplinary field integrating disciplines such as Biology (Botany and Zoology), Chemistry, Physics, Ecology, Environmental Science, Earth Science, and Geography

ENVIRONMENTAL & SUSTAINABLE TOURISM
SEMESTER V MANDATORY SUBJECT

• Contents of syllabus for USHO504

Unit No.	Chapter No.	TOPIC	Hours	Marks
01	1	Environmental Studies 1.1 Definition, Scope and Importance 1.2 Need for public awareness 1.3 Renewable & Non-renewable Resources (Definition & Importance) 1.4 Consumerism & Waste Products	15	15
	2	Introduction to Tourism & Travel 2.1 Flashback – From early times till today (Purpose of travel in ancient times, invention of wheel, contribution of Thomas Cook, today's scenario). 2.2 Definition of Tourism as stated by U.N.W.T.O. 2.3 Types of Tourism-Pilgrimage, Business Tourism, Health Tourism, Adventure Tourism, Sports Tourism, Culinary & Wine Tourism. 2.4 Definition of Travel 2.5 Various modes of Transport – Land (Rail and Road), Water (Ferries and Cruises), Air.		

Unit No.	Chapter No.	TOPIC	Hours	Marks
02	3	Tourism Organisations 3.1 National/Domestic Organisations (M.T.D.C., I.T.D.C.) 3.2 International Organisations (U.N.W.T.O., W.T.T.C., U.F.T.A.A., U.N.E.S.C.O., S.T.I.)	15	15
	4	Sustainable Development 4.1 Why Sustainable Development? 4.2 Rio Summit 4.3 Impact of Tourism on the World		

Unit No.	Chapter No.	TOPIC	Hours	Marks
03	5	Sustainable Tourism 5.1 Introduction to Sustainable Tourism 5.2 Sustainable Tourism with respect to Developed Countries (List of these countries, one major destination from each country that requires Sustainable development) 5.3 Sustainable Tourism with respect to Developing Countries	15	15

	(List of these countries, one major destination from each country that requires Sustainable development)	
	5.4 Sustainable Tourism in India	
	5.5 Sustainable Tourism in Mumbai	
	5.6 Sustainable Tourism as an Umbrella – Ecotourism, UNESCO Sites.	
	5.7 Impact of Travel on Sustainable Tourism	
	5.8 Impact of Accommodation on Sustainable Tourism	
	5.9 Responsible Tourism – Guidelines, “Making Tourism More Sustainable – A Guide for Policy Makers” – Role of United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).	

ASSIGNMENTS

